# Healthy Adolescent Development and Warning Signs of Trouble

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# Southeast Psych Psychology for All ™



**Blakeney** 



Southpark





Putting psychology into people's hands to enhance their lives...

## **Goals for Tonight**

- Learn about healthy adolescent development and how to recognize red flags for trouble
- Leave with knowledge and resources
- Have the opportunity to ask questions
- Meet other parents



# The Myth of Storm, Stress, Rebellion

Most adolescents admire and love their parents, rely on them for advice, embrace many of their values, feel loved by them, and say they're happy.



A lot of people don't like kids.

## **Adolescent Development**

physical

personality

identity

spiritual



social

moral

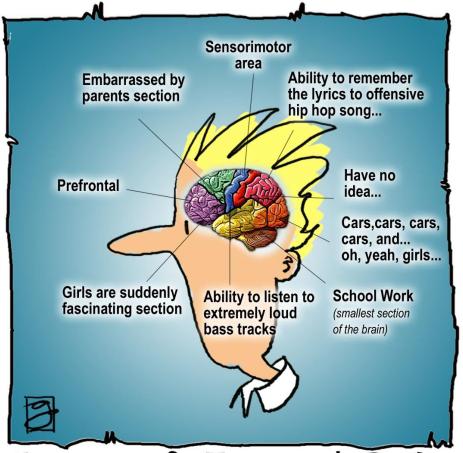
cognitive

etc.

# Erik Erikson's Model of Personality Development

Age	Challenge
0-1 year	To develop the sense that the world is safe, a good place
1-3 years	To realize one is an independent person who can make decisions
3-6 years	To develop the ability to try new things and handle failure
6-12 years	To learn basic skills and work with others
Adolescence (12-18)	To achieve a sense of identity across many domains
Young Adulthood (19- 40)	To develop intimate relationships
Middle Adulthood (40- 65)	To find ways to support and satisfy younger generations
Late Adulthood (65+)	To view one's life as satisfactory and worth living

### **Characteristics of Adolescent Thinking**



Anatomy of a Teenager's Brain

**Egocentrism**: overly concerned with their own thoughts and feelings

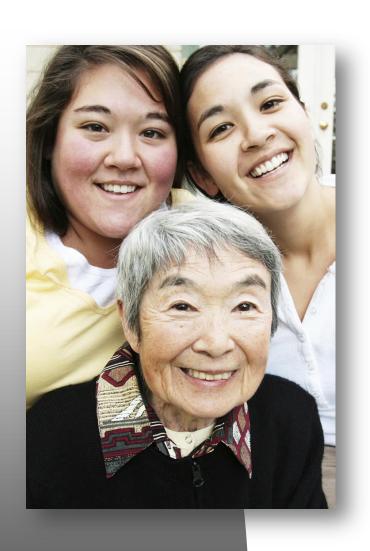
Imaginary audience: believe others are watching them constantly

**Personal fable**: believe their experiences and feelings are unique

Illusion of invulnerability: think misfortune only happens to others

What is Normal Adolescent Behavior and When Should Parents be Concerned?





## **Family**

#### Normal:

- Increased parent-child conflict
- Less time with family, more time with peers

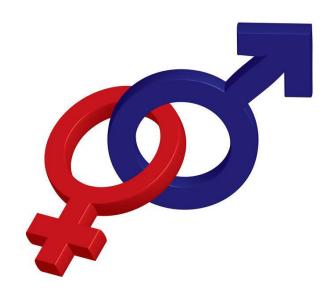
- Verbal or physical aggression
- Runaway behaviors

## **Sexuality**

#### Normal:

- Sexual experimentation
- Increased sexual maturity

- Unsafe sexual practices
- Sexual promiscuity
- Pregnancy



## **Body Image**

#### Normal:

Increased focus on body image and self consciousness

- Bingeing
- Purging
- Restricted eating

## Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco

#### Normal:

Experimentation





- Substance abuse
- Using substances to manage emotions
- Selling drugs
- Heavily substance-using peer group



## Risk Taking

#### Normal:

Increased risk taking and sensation seeking

- Multiple accidents
- Encounters with firearms
- Excessive risk taking





### School

#### Normal:

- Stressful transitions to middle and high school
- Increased stress due to workload

- Lack of connection to school or peers
- School truancy
- Failure
- Dropout

### Other

#### Normal:

- Becoming overwhelmed with everyday decision making
- Increased argumentativeness, criticism, idealism

- Becoming paralyzed with indecision
- Rebellious questioning of social rules and conventions
- Causing trouble with family members, teachers, etc.
- Self injury, suicidal thoughts



### Resources

**Guide for Parents on Raising Teenage Girls** http://www.apa.org/pubinfo/girls/connect.pdf

Teens Health <a href="http://teenshealth.org">http://teenshealth.org</a>

Parents Magazine www.parents.com

Book: Parenting Teens with Love and Logic by: Cline & Fay

CMS Handbook: Guiding Your Child Through Adolescence Order from: www.channing-bete.com, item # PS92709

Presentation and Handouts Available at: <a href="https://www.southeastpsych.com">www.southeastpsych.com</a>

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